

Virginia Cooperative Extension

www.ext.vt.edu





A summary of replicated research and demonstration plots conducted by Virginia Cooperative Extension in cooperation with local producers and agribusinesses

2012

Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

ANR-31NP

Virginia Cooperative Extension programs and employment are open to all, regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age, disability, political beliefs, sexual orientation, or marital or family status. An equal opportunity/affirmative action employer. Issued in furtherance of Cooperative Extension work, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Virginia State University, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture cooperating. Edwin J. Jones, Director, Virginia Cooperative Extension, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg; Jewel E. Hairston, Administrator, 1890 Extension Program, Virginia State, Petersburg.

# 2012 Virginia On-Farm Corn Test Plots

Conducted and summarized by:

Keith Balderson, Extension Agent, Essex County Glenn Chappell, Faculty Member, Virginia State University Chris Drake, Extension Agent, Southampton County Roy Flanagan, Extension Agent, Virginia Beach Watson Lawrence, Extension Agent, City of Chesapeake Laura Maxey, Extension Agent, King and Queen/King William Counties David Moore, Extension Agent, Middlesex County Stephanie Romelczyk, Extension Agent, Westmoreland County Jim Schroering, Extension Agent, Hanover County Glenn Slade, Extension Agent, Surry County Wade Thomason, Virginia Tech Extension Grains Specialist



The research and demonstration plots discussed in this publication are a cooperative effort by several Virginia Cooperative Extension Agents and Specialists, a faculty member from Va. State University, numerous producers, local soil and water conservation districts, and many members of the agribusiness community. The fieldwork and printing of this publication is mainly supported by the Virginia Corn Check-Off Fund through the Virginia Corn Board. Anyone who would like a copy should contact their local extension agent, who can request a copy from the Essex County Extension office.

This is the twenty-first year of this multi-county cooperative project. Further work is planned for 2013.

The authors wish to thank the many producers and agribusinesses that participated in these research and demonstration plots.

Disclaimer: Commercial products are named in this publication for informational purposes only. Virginia Cooperative Extension does not endorse these products and does not intend discrimination against other products which also may be suitable.

# **Table of Contents**

I.	General Summary	4
II.	Hybrid Comparisons	5
III.	Twin Row Corn	. 26
IV.	Nematode Seed Treatment	. 27
V.	Turbo Chopper	. 28
VI.	Fertilizer	. 30

### **General Summary**

These demonstration and replicated studies provide information that can be used by Virginia corn growers to make better management decisions on their farms.

Corn hybrid selection is becoming increasingly challenging. With more seed companies and more GMO options and seed treatment packages than ever before, it can be very difficult to decide which hybrids to plant. We evaluated early season hybrids (107 day RM or less) at 5 locations, mid season hybrids (108-112 day RM) at 6 locations and full season hybrids (113 day RM or more) at 3 locations. Two locations of each maturity group were irrigated. Yields were very good in some of the dryland locations and very poor in others, reflecting the variability in rainfall during pollination and grain fill. In general, the later hybrids continue to yield better than the earlier hybrids. Farmers should continue to plant hybrids of multiple maturities to help spread risk. In fields with very good soil types and/or irrigation, farmers should consider mid or full season hybrids.

We also conducted some other hybrid plots, including "challenge" plots comparing 2 hybrids. In two plots evaluating a Pioneer Hi-Bred<sup>®</sup> Aquamax hybrid to a hybrid of similar maturity, there was no statistical difference in yields in one plot, while the Aquamax hybrid yielded almost 14 bushels per acre better in the other plot. Both plots experienced significant drought stress as yields were 85 to 100 bushels per acre.

We evaluated Avicta<sup>®</sup> and Votivo<sup>®</sup> seed treatments under irrigation in a field with a past history of root knot nematodes. Nematode assays did find below threshold levels of root knot nematodes, and we did not get a yield response to either treatment.

Obtaining good plant stands can be a challenge in no-tillage corn due to crop residue and slugs. Some growers are using vertical tillage tools to help manage residue. In a plot evaluating a Great Plains Turbo-Chopper, plant stands were increased by over 4,500 plants per acre in the Turbo-Chopper strips compared to the "straight" no-till plots. Residue in the field was relatively heavy and slugs were also present. Stand loss in the straight no-till plots was probably a result of slug damage and poorer seed to soil contact in check plots compared to the turbo chopper plots. Excessive heat and drought greatly damaged the plot, and yields were not taken.

Fertilizer plot work this year included 2 plots evaluating "pop up" fertilizers, one plot evaluating injected vs. "dribbled" sidedress nitrogen and two plots evaluating variable rate sidedress nitrogen applications to a fixed nitrogen rate. In the variable rate plot comparing Greenseeker technology to zone-based variable rate technology and a fixed rate of sidedress nitrogen, Greenseeker produced corn with a nitrogen use efficiency (NUE) of .86 lbs. of nitrogen applied per bushel of corn produced compared to an NUE of 1.01 for the fixed rate plots and 1.10 for the zone-based variable plots. All treatments yielded over 200 bushels per acre with no statistical difference in any of the treatments.

## 2012 Surry County Early Corn Hybrid Plot

<b>Cooperators:</b>	<b>Producer:</b>	Timberneck Farms: Anthony and Darren Howell
_	<b>Extension:</b>	Glenn Slade, Surry Agriculture and Natural Resources Agent
	Agribusiness	Various Seed companies
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Soybeans	
Planting Date:	May 2, 2011 r	o till, rip under row JD 71 Planters
Fertilizer:	450# per acre	7-18-36 Broadcast, 30 gal 30% N Side Dressed
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	1 qt. Roundup	o, 2.5 qt. Bicep at planting

Harvest Date: October 26, 2012 JD 6620 4 row

Hybrid	Maturity	Traits	Population	%	Yield (Bu./A
-	-		_	Moisture	@ 15.5%
Southern States SS 538	Е	VT3	24,000	14.2	95.45
		Acceleron			
Augusta A2954	E	GT3000	24,000	14.5	86.63
		Cruiser 500			
		Avicta			
Mycogen 2K595	E	Smartstax	24,000	15.2	110.97
		95-5 Refuge			
Channel BIO 199-55	E	RR2 YGCB	24,000	14.7	90.14
Pioneer 35H46	E	Aquamax	24,500	14.5	104.17
		1250 Vitovo			
Hubner 5368	E		24,000	14.8	96.41
Doeblers 587	E		24,000	15.3	89.16
Great Heart HT 972	E	3111VIP	24,000	14.8	66.75
Seed Consultants	Е	HXX,LL,RR2	24,000	14.8	79.82
10HQ70		Votivo			
DeKalb 52-61	Е	GENVT3	24,000	15.4	96.4
		Poncho			
		Vitovo			
Dyna-Gro 45Q50	Е	3000 GT	24,000	15.1	76.53
		Trilex Poncho			
		250			
Average:					90.2

## **Discussion:**

Hybrids were listed as planted and not by decreasing yield.

## King & Queen Early Corn Hybrid Comparison

Cooperators:	Producer: Extension:	David Carlton & William Davis Carlton David Moore, VCE-Middlesex Laura Maxey, VCE-King & Queen/ King William Counties	
	Industry:	Participating Seed Suppliers	
Previous Crop:	Soybeans		
Soil Type:	Emporia San	dy Loam	
Plant Date:	April 12, 201	2	
Plant Equipment:	John Deere 16-Row Air Planter		
Land Preparation:	No-Till		
Fertilization:	0-0-100 Broadcast		
	70-50-0 Pre-emerge (starter included)		
	90-0-0 inject	ed	
Crop Protection:	Pre: Glyphos	ate, Atrazine, Simazine	
_	Post: Resolve	e Q, Glyphosate	
Harvest Date:	August 29, 2	012	
Harvest Equipment:	John Deere 9	9760STS	

Hybrid	Moisture	Yield @ 15.5%
Doeblers RPM637AM (Check)	25.5	61.8
Augusta 2954	24.5	86.3
Channel-Bio 199-55VT3	25.0	81.0
Dekalb DKC52-61	23.8	107.2
Dyna-Gro D45Q50	24.0	93.0
Mycogen 2K595	23.0	83.0
Pioneer P0210AM-R	23.3	113.6
Seed Consultants SCS10HQ70	24.0	95.0
Southern States SS538VT3	22.0	100.2
TA Seeds TA583-22DP	21.0	97.6
Phoenix 5320A3	24.0	83.1
Hubner 5368	22.7	77.5
Doebler's RPM587AM	24.0	69.6
Check	23.0	52.0

#### **Discussion:**

The check hybrid was 113 day maturity corn. It just did not compete well with these early maturity hybrids due to the weather this year, nor did it vary a lot between the beginning of the plot and the end.

Use this and other Virginia Tech hybrid comparison information when making planting decisions for 2013.

## 2012 Essex County Irrigated Early Maturity Corn Hybrid Demonstration Plot

<b>Cooperators:</b>	Producer:	Hundley Brothers		
-	Extension:	Keith Balderson, VCE Middle Peninsula		
		Daniel Bowie, Summer Intern		
	Agribusiness:	Participating Seed Companies		
Soil Type:	Tetotum loam			
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Double Crop	Soybeans		
<b>Planting Date:</b>	April 2, 2012	2012		
Fertilizer:	Pop-Up:	4 gallons per acre Season Pass 6-18-6		
	Broadcast:	82-69-60 per acre		
	Sidedress:	100-0-0-18 per acre		
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	Herbicides:	Burndown: 2,4-D		
_		Pre-emergence: 1 lb. per acre simazine, .5 lb. per acre atrazine		
		2.5 qts. per acre Lumax		
	Insecticides:	4 oz. per acre Capture LFR in furrow		
Harvest Date:	August 31, 20	012		

Hybrid	Population	%Moisture	Yield (Bu./Acre	% of
			@15.5%	Check
Hubner H4222RC2P	27,000	17	197	112.5%
Augusta 2954	28,000	19.7	185	105.7%
Check—Channel 199-55VT3	25,500	18.8	175	
Mycogen 2K595	28,750	20.1	174	95.6%
Check	28,000	19.2	189	
Phoenix 5320A3 3000GT	26,000	19.7	191	94.5%
Check	30,250	19.5	215	
Pioneer 0210 AM-R	24,250	18.9	189	90.4%
Check	26,250	18.8	203	
Southern States 538 VT3	28,250	19.8	191	94.0%

### **Discussion:**

Overall yields in this plot were very good. Yields in the non-irrigated part of this field were around 50 bushels per acre due to drought and heat stress. There was significant variability in the yields of the check hybrid so using the percentage of check might be useful when evaluating yields. Be sure to use the replicated Virginia Tech corn hybrid performance evaluations when selecting hybrids for 2013.

# 2012 Gloucester Mid-Maturity Corn Comparison

Cooperators:	<b>Producer:</b>	Clas Corporation, Chuck Hunt	
-	<b>Extension:</b>	David Moore, VCE-Middlesex	
	Industry:	Participating Companies	
Previous Crop:	Soybeans follo	owed by Rye Cover	
Soil Type:	Kempsville Fi	ine Sandy Loam	
Plant Date:	April 30, 2012		
Plant Equipment:	Kinze 3500 8-Row No-Till		
Check Hybrid:	DKC 62-54		
Fertilization:	Broadcast: 0-0-90 Starter: 200# 20-10-0 with micros		
	Side: 125-0-0	) dribble	
Crop Protection:	Burndown:	Glyphosate and 2,4-D, Pre: Simazine and Atrazine	
-	Warrior insect	ticide added to burndown Post: Halex GT	
Harvest Date:	September 21	, 2012 with John Deere 9760STS	

<b>Pop.(6/29)</b>	M%	Yield 15.5%	%Check
27,500	16.5	148.1	93.3
26,500	16.6	160.5	
25,000	16.0	167.5	104.4
	15.9	160.2	
24,000	15.8	167.5	104.6
	15.7	160.2	
24,500	15.9	141.5	89.2
	16.2	157.1	
27,000	15.8	157.8	99.6
26,000	15.7	159.8	
23,500	15.6	151.2	97.5
	15.7	150.4	
28,500	15.5	149.8	97.1
	15.5	158.2	
27,000	15.5	154.2	99.6
	15.3	151.4	
26,000	15.7	143.4	94.7
	15.5	151.3	
24,500	15.8	145.8	97.8
	16.1	146.8	
27,000	15.9	152.0	101.1
	15.7	153.8	
26,500	15.6	161.5	100.9
25,000	15.6	166.3	
27,500	15.6	160.6	99.3
	Pop.(6/29)   27,500   26,500   25,000   24,000   24,500   27,000   26,000   23,500   27,000   26,000   23,500   27,000   26,000   27,000   26,000   27,000   26,000   27,000   26,000   27,000   26,500   27,000   26,500   25,000   27,500	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

**Discussion:** See Mid-Maturity Hybrid replications and summary later in this publication.

## 2012 Westmoreland County Mid Maturity Corn Variety Plot

<b>Cooperators:</b>	Producer: F.F. Chandler, Jr.
	Extension: Stephanie Romelczyk, ANR – Westmoreland
	Keith Balderson, ANR - Essex
	Agribusiness: Participating Seed Company Representatives
Previous Crop:	Soybeans
Soil Type:	Savannah loam; Kempsville loam
Tillage:	No-till
Planting Date:	May 4, 2012
Fertilizer:	Starter: 15-15-0, 200 lbs/A
	Broadcast: 8-0-14-4S, 500 lbs/A
	Sidedress: 24-0-0-3S, 100 lbs/A
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	Burndown: Gramoxone 3 pts, Salvo 12 oz
	Bicep 1.5 qts, Princep 1.5 qts, Tombstone 2 oz
	Post-emergence: Halex 3.6 pts, Magnesium 1 qt
Harvest Date:	September 27, 2012

Variety	Moisture (%)	Yield (Bu./A @ 15.5%)
Assessed 0606 (in a starter)	17 1	<u>(1</u>
Augusta 0000 (no starter)	17.1	01
ChannelBio 211-01VT2P	17.7	64
Dekalb 62-97	17.9	55
Dyna-Gro D52VC20RIB	18.0	8
Doeblers RPM 633HXR	18.1	34
Great Heart HT-120RR	17.3	21
Mycogen 2V702	15.3	67
Pioneer P1498HR	17.1	43
Seed Consultants SC	15.8	26
11AGT30		
Southern States SS 755 VT3	16.8	64
Pro		
T.A. Seeds TA617-20	16.0	60
Phoenix 5552A4	16.6	42
Hubner H5405VT3P	15.4	89
Augusta 0606 (w/starter)	16.7	66
AVERAGE		50

**Discussion:** Westmoreland County experienced extremely hot and dry conditions at corn pollination in 2012 as evidenced in the yields. Although yields are greatly reduced, data from this trial may be useful in identifying varieties that are adaptable to drought conditions. Starter fertilizer was not turned on for the first repetition of Augusta 0606.

# 2012 Chesapeake RR Corn Hybrid Test

<b>Cooperators:</b>	Producer:	Russell Temple	
	Extension:	Watson Lawrence and Roy Flanagan	
	Agribusiness:	Participating Seed Companies	
Previous Crop:	Soybeans		
Planting Date:	April 28, 2012	2	
Population:	Approximately 26,000 plants/acre		
Row Width:	24 inches		
Tillage:	Conventional	with rows planted flat	
Fertilizer:	Broadcast: 665 lbs./acre 24-12-12		
Soil Type:	Munden Fine	Sandy Loam	
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	32 oz. Round-	up PowerMax postemergence	
Check Hybrid:	Dekalb DKC6	52-09 (112 days RM)	
Harvest Date:	September 24	, 2012	

Hybrid	Maturity	% Moisture	TW	Actual Yield	% of Check	<b>Adjusted Yield</b>
Mycogen 2K595	E	15.4	59	167.2	90.0	172.60
Great Heart HT110	E	15.9	58	174.8	89.1	170.76
Doeblers D587	E	16.0	57	177.2	87.4	167.64
Augusta 2954	E	15.7	58	174.4	87.3	167.42
Pioneer P35H46	E	16.6	63	172.4	86.3	165.53
Channel Bio 199-55	E	15.1	55	170.7	85.0	162.90
Southern States 538	E	16.5	58	158.0	81.2	155.70
Dekalb DKC52-61	E	14.8	57	154.8	77.6	148.79
Dyna Gro 45Q50	E	15.3	58	154.0	75.0	143.72
Average Early				167.0		161 67
Maturity				107.0		101.07
Mycogen 2V702	М	15.5	58	190.8	101.0	193.69
Pioneer P1319	М	17.7	61	186.1	98.3	188.41
TA Seeds 617-20	М	15.4	60	188.2	95.8	183.67
Dekalb DKC62-97	М	17.5	59	177.1	95.7	183.38
Southern States 755	М	15.6	59	183.9	94.7	181.54
Dyna Gro 52VC20	М	18.1	58	164.5	94.1	180.29
Channel Bio 211-01	М	16.9	61	175.9	91.8	175.95
Great Heart HT212	М	17.3	57	172.8	91.1	174.70
Doeblers D633	М	17.3	62	174.4	88.8	170.27
Hubner H5405	М	16.6	59	165.5	88.5	169.58
Augusta A0606	М	16.9	59	165.2	87.1	167.01
Average Medium				176.9		170.52
Maturity				170.0		1/9.33
Average Check	Μ			191.59		

**Discussion:** A check hybrid was planted on both sides of each hybrid. Adjusted yields were calculated as a % of the adjacent check averages to account for variation in the field. The medium maturity hybrids yielded better than the early maturity which is typically the case. Good yields reflected adequate rainfall this season on well drained land. All hybrids were glyphosate resistant.

## 2012 Virginia Beach Corn Hybrid Plot

Cooperators:	Producer:	Russell H. Malbone				
_	Extension:	Roy D. Flanagan III				
	Agribusiness:	Participating Seed Companies				
Soil Type:	Bojac fine san	dy loam, Munden fine sandy loam				
Previous Crop:	Soybeans					
Planting Date:	April 20, 2012					
Fertilizer:	250 lbs. 7-18-3	36 pre-plant				
	30 gallons of 3	30% N. side-dress				
Crop Protection:	Burndown-24	oz. Round-up PowerMax and 1.5 pints 2-4D				
	32 oz. Round-	up PowerMax and 1.5 quarts Atrazine post-emergence				
Harvest Date:	September 13,	, 2012				

				Actual Yield	Adjusted Yield
Hybrid	Maturity	Moisture	TW	(bu./a @ 15.5%)	(bu./a @ 15.5%)
Augusta A0606	М	16.8	57	129.7	141.8
Great Heart HT212	М	17.1	58	115.9	117.4
Channel Bio, LLC 211-01	М	17.0	59	123	109.7
Mycogen 2V702	М	16.8	58	118.2	108.9
Southern States SS755	М	17.4	58	106.1	93.6
Pioneer P1319	М	17.5	62	128.4	119.6
Hubner H5405	М	16.6	59	94.5	106.9
Dekalb DKC62-97	М	16.6	60	84.7	95
Doeblers D633	М	18.5	62	102.3	107.3
TA Seeds 617-20	М	16.8	58	85.4	89.6
Average Medium Maturity				108.8	108.1
Augusta A2954	Е	16.4	57	90.2	102.5
Great Heart HT110	Е	16.5	60	70.4	80
Hubner 5368	Е	15.2	60	70.2	79.8
Doeblers D587	Е	16.8	60	93.3	99.5
Dekalb DKC52-61	Е	15.1	57	81.1	86.5
Pioneer P35H46	Е	17.4	63	88.9	94.7
Mycogen 2K595	Е	16.3	60	94.7	90.8
Southern States SS538	Е	16.3	58	67.5	64.8
Channel Bio, LLC 199-55	E	15.1	59	98.5	94.4
Average Early Maturity				83.9	88.1

**Discussion:** A check hybrid was planted on both sides of each Hybrid. Adjusted yields were calculated as a % of the adjacent check averages to account for variation in the field. The medium maturity hybrids yielded better than the early maturity which is typically the case.

# 2012 Virginia State University Mid & Late Corn Hybrid Comparison

<b>Cooperators:</b>	Ruddy Grammar and Mack West, VSU-Randolph Farm
-	Glenn F. Chappell, II, Virginia State University
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Soybeans
Soil Type:	Tetotum loam & Bourne Fine Sandy Loam
Planting Date:	April 11, 2012
Fertilizer:	Broadcast: 30-60-90, Preemergence Herbicides + 50-0-0, Sidedress: 145-0-0
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	1qt glyphosate + 0.5pt Banvel – March 30, 2012; 2qt Bicep II Mag. + 1qt
	Simazine – April 16, 2012
Check Hybrid:	Hubner 5505
Harvest Date:	September 24, 2012
Harvest Equipment	: John Deere 9560 STS
TT 1 · 1	

Hybrid	Maturity	Traits	% Moisture	Yield (bu./a	% of
				@ 15.5%)	Check*
Hubner 5505 (check)	М	Yieldguard VT Triple	16.8	90.1	
Augusta 0606 GT	М	CB LL	17.8	84.1	73.2
Augusta 6867	F	CB LL	19	118.2	102.9
Channel BIO 211-01VT2P	М	RR2 YG2P	18.4	127.8	111.3
Channel BIO 217-08VT3P	F	RR2 YG3P	17.7	169.5	147.6
DeKalb 62-97	М	GENVT3Pro	15.2	140.4	122.2
DeKalb 67-57	F	GENVT3Pro	15.3	164.6	143.3
Dyna-Gro D52VC20RIB	М	ECB EW RR	16.8	109.1	95.0
Dyna-Gro D54VP81	F	ECB RW EW RR	18.7	131.9	114.8
Great Heart HT-120RR	М	RR	13.8	94.6	82.3
Great Heart 4373 VT3Pro	F	VT3Pro	17.6	109.6	95.4
Hubner 5505 (check)	М	Yieldguard VT Triple	15.9	139.6	
Mycogen 2V702	М	HerculexExtra LL RR	15.2	150.6	111.2
Mycogen 2P886	F	Herculex1 LL RR	20	109.0	80.4
Doeblers 633 HXR	М	RR2 HX LL	16.7	116.6	86.0
Doeblers 743 HXR	F	RR2 HX LL	16.7	77.8	57.4
Hubner 5405 VT3P30	М	VT3P30	16.1	156.0	115.2
Hubner 5709 VT3P30	F	VT3P30	18.8	140.8	103.9
Pioneer Hi-Bred P1489HR	М	Optimum AguaMax	17.9	139.7	103.1
Pioneer Hi-Bred P2088YHR	F	Optimum Intrasect	16.7	74.0	54.6
Seed Consultants SC	М	CB LL GT	15.4	111.0	
11AGT30			15.4	111.3	82.2
Southern States SS755 VT3	М	VT3Pro	16 1	124.4	01.9
Pro Southern States SS924	E	DD	10.1	124.4	91.8
Southern States 35824	Г		17.2	03.3	46.9
T. A. Seeds 753-22DP	F	Genuity VT Double Pro	17.7	87.2	64.4
Hubner 5505 (check)	М	Yieldguard VT Triple	15.4	131.4	
-		- *	-		

PLOT AVERAGE:	117.4
Mid Hybrids	119.7
Late Hybrids	113.3

## **Discussion:**

Rainfall and irrigation information is currently unavailable but the plot was irrigated during pollination and tasseling due to drought conditions in central Virginia.

\* % of Check is calculated by dividing an individual hybrid's yield by the average of the two closest check hybrids and multiplying by 100.

# 2012 Middlesex Full Season Corn Comparison

<b>Cooperators:</b>	<b>Producer:</b>	William Wright; Barry Powell
-	<b>Extension:</b>	David M. Moore, VCE-Middlesex
		Brittany Moring, Summer Intern
	Industry:	Participating Companies
Previous Crop:	Soybe	eans
Soil Type:	Suffolk Fine	Sandy Loam
Plant Date:	May 3, 2012	
Plant Equipment:	John Deere 7	000 Planter
Tillage:	No Till into T	Furbo-Tilled Soybean mulch
Check Hybrid:	Pioneer P140	4HR
Fertilization:	3 T/A Poultry	y litter; Sidedress 60-0-0
Crop Protection:	Pre-Plant:	1qt. Glyphosate and Banvel
-	Pre-emerge:	Brawl II and Atrazine
Harvest Date:	September 24	4, 2012
Harvest Equipment:	Gleaner R50	

Hybrid	<b>Pop.(6/22)</b>	M%	Yield15.5%	%Check
Augusta 6867	23,500	17.2	135.3	107.4
Check	26,500	16.5	113.4	
Channel-Bio 217-08	27,000	16.5	160.1	131.4
Check		16.1	130.1	
Dekalb DKC-67-57	24,500	15.9	152.9	112.0
Check		15.7	142.9	
Doebler's RPM743HXR	22,500	15.7	156.9	111.3
Check		15.6	138.8	
Dyna-Gro D54VP81	25,000	16.0	131.5	93.9
Check		15.5	141.3	
Great Heart HX-4373	23,500	15.4	148.6	104.1
Check	26,000	15.4	144.3	
Hubner H5709	28,000	15.9	136.9	94.2
Check		15.9	146.3	
Mycogen 2P886	26,000	19.9	147.8	99.4
Check		16.1	151.0	
Phoenix 6522A4	24,500	16.1	159.0	107.6
Check		15.5	144.5	
Pioneer P2088YHR	26,500	15.5	145.2	102.6
Check		15.4	138.4	
Southern States SS824RR	24,000	15.7	144.8	105.6
Check	27,500	15.4	135.8	
TA Seeds TA753-22DP	27,500	15.6	126.4	92.2

Discussion: See Full Season Hybrid replications and summary later in this publication.

	2012 Ag Expo	Irrigated Corn Hybrid Demonstration Plot			
Cooperators:	Producer:	Chuck McGhee, Grainfield Farm			
	Extension:	Jim Schroering, VCE, Hanover County			
		Keith Balderson, VCE, Middle Peninsula			
		Wade Thomason, Extension Grains Specialist			
		Daniel Bowie, Summer Intern			
	Agribusiness:	Participating Seed Companies			
Soil Type:	Pamunkey fine sandy loam				
Previous Crop:	Soybeans				
Planting Date:	April 17, 2012				
Fertilizer:	Pop-Up: Seas	on Pass			
	Broadcast: 90	-46-200-10 per acre			
	Sidedress: 80-	-0-0-10 per acre twice			
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	Burndown: R	oundup, 2, 4-D, and Leadoff			
	Post-emergence	ce: Halex GT and 1 qt. per acre atrazine			
Harvest Date:	September 20,	2012			

Hybrid	Maturity	Population	% Moisture	Yield (Bu./Acre @
-	-	-		15.5%)
Pioneer 1456HR (Check)		34,000	18.8	253.0
Augusta 2954 GT3000	Early	32,500	17.4	211.4
Augusta 0606 GTCBLL	Mid	34,000	19.1	209.1
Augusta 6867 GTCBLL	Full	31,500	19.7	223.7
Channel Bio 199-55VT3	Early	33,500	16.4	203.0
Channel Bio 211-01VT2P	Mid	34,500	17.2	251.3
Channel Bio 217-08VT3P	Full	36,000	18.4	286.7
Dekalb 52-61 GENVT3P	Early	33,000	16.4	217.5
Dekalb 62-97 GENVT3P	Mid	34,000	17.1	250.5
Dekalb 67-57 GENVT3P	Full	33,000	18.7	246.2
Dyna-Gro 45Q5 ECB/RW/EW/RR	Early	29,500	17.4	213.6
Dyna-Gro 52VC20RIB ECB/EW/RR	Mid	34,000	17.9	246.6
Dyna-Gro 54VP81	Full	34,500	18.2	241.3
ECB/RW/EW/RR				
Doeblers RPM 587AM	Early	34,000	17.4	226.7
HX1/LL/RR2				
Doeblers RPM 633HXR	Mid	33,000	17.7	229.7
HX1/LL/RR2				
Doeblers 743HX HX1/LL/RR2	Full	32,500	17.7	272.0
Great Heart HT 972/3111	Early	31,500	16.9	209.1
Great Heart HT 120RR	Mid	33,000	18.3	233.5
Check		35,000	18.5	228.2
Great Heart 4373 VT3 Pro	Full	34,500	18.5	231.5

Hubner 5368VT3P	Early	34,000	16.8	214.2
Hubner 5405VT3P	Mid	33,500	18.2	228.4
Hubner 5709VT3P	Full	35,500	18.5	244.3
Mycogen 2K595 SmartStax	Early	33,500	18.2	212.3
Mycogen 2V702 HXX/LL/RR	Mid	37,500	18.0	233.4
Mycogen 2P886 HX1/LL/RR	Full	33,500	21.3	213.1
Phoenix 5320A3	Early	36,000	19.6	206.9
Phoenix 5552A4	Mid	30,500	18.1	236.7
Phoenix 6522A4	Full	33,000	18.9	231.1
Pioneer 0210 AM-R RIB/AquaMax	Early	33,500	16.1	202.6
Pioneer 1498 HR AquaMax	Mid	34,000	18.1	239.9
Pioneer 2088 YHR Optimum	Full	34,000	18.7	285.8
Intrasect				
Southern States 538 VT3	Early	35,000	17.2	175.7
Check		35,500	17.5	236.6
Southern States 755 VT3	Mid	36,000	18.1	222.6
Southern States 824 RR	Full	35,500	18.8	219.7
TA Seeds 583-22DP	Early	34,000	15.2	191.6
GENVTDoublePro				
TA Seeds 617-20 Agrisure 3000GT	Mid	36,000	16.9	217.1
TA Seeds 753-22DP	Full	35,000	16.1	230.5
GENVTDoublePro				
Croplan 4421 VT3	Early	34,000	15.9	166.0
Croplan 6431 VT3	Mid	36,000	18.1	224.4
Croplan 6640 VT3	Full	35,500	19.0	214.5
Syngenta 61P-3000GT**	Early	36,000	18.0	179.5
Syngenta 84U58-3111**	Mid	33,000	18.0	163.8
Syngenta 78S-3111	Full	32,500	18.3	222.2
Seed Consultants 10HQ70	Early	32,500	18.0	192.9
HXX/LL/RR2				
Seed Consultants11AGT30	Mid	34,500	18.0	212.4
CB/LL/RR				
Check		34,500	17.7	225.7
Average Early Hybrids				201.5
Average Mid Hybrids				226.6
Average Full Hybrids				240.2

\*\*These 2 hybrids were visibly stunted at harvest. Possible causes include herbicide injury, nematodes, or soil type differences and/or soil fertility.

### **Discussion:**

Be sure to consult replicated yield data from the Va. Corn Performance Trials when selecting hybrids. This plot makes the case for planting multiple maturities as the Mid-Maturity and Full-Maturity Hybrids outperformed the early hybrids by 25 and 40 bushels, respectively, on average.

Early Hybrids (107 Dary RM or Less)						
Hybrid	Hanover*	K&Q	Essex*	Average***		
Augusta 2954GT3000A	211	86	185	149		
Channel Bio 199-55VT3	203	81	196**	142		
Croplan 4421 VT3	166					
Dekalb 52-61	218	107		163		
Doeblers RPM 587AM	227	70		149		
Dyna-Gro 45Q50	214	93		154		
Great Heart HT 972/3111 VIP	209					
Hubner 5368 VT3P	214	78		146		
Mycogen 2K595	212	83	174	148		
Phoenix 5320A3	207	83	191	145		
Pioneer 0210 AM-R	203	114	189	159		

2012 Virginia Cooperative Extension On-Farm Corn Hybrid Plot Yield Summary (bushels per acre at 15.5%) Upper Coastal Plain and Va. State University

\*Irrigated locations; \*\*Used as check hybrid--average of 4 checks reported; \*\*\*Hanover and King and Queen locations only.

#### Medium Hybrids (108-112 Day RM)

Seed Consultants 10HQ70

Southern States 538VT3

Syngenta 61P-3000GT

T.A. Seeds 583-22DP

Average

Hybrid	Hanover*	Va. State*	Gloucester	Westmoreland	Average***
Augusta 0606	209	84	148	66	141
Channel Bio 211-01VT2P	251	128	168	64	161
Croplan 6431 VT3	224				
Dekalb 62-97	251	140	168	55	158
Doeblers RPM 633HXR	230	117	142	34	135
Dyna-Gro 52VC20RIB	247	109	158	8	138
Great Heart HT 120RR	234	95	151	21	135
Hubner 5405 VT3P	228	156	150	89	156
Mycogen 2V702	233	151	154	67	151
Phoenix 5552A4	237		143	42	141
Pioneer 1498 HR	240	140	146	43	143
Seed Consultants 11AGT30	212	111	152	26	130
Southen States 755 VT3 Pro	223	124	162	64	150
Syngenta 84U58-3111	164		161		
T.A. Seeds 617-20	217			60	
Average	227	120	154	50	145

\*Irrigated locations; \*\*\*Average of Hanover, Gloucester, and Westmoreland--Va. State not used due to high variability under irrigation.

Hybrid	Hanover*	Va. State*	Middlesex	Average***
Augusta 6867	224	118	135	180
Channel Bio 217-08VT3P	287	170	160	224
Dekalb 67-57	246	165	153	200
Dyna-Gro 54VP81	241	132	132	187
Doeblers 743HXR	272	78	157	215
Great Heart 4373 VT3 Pro	232	110	149	191
Hubner 5709 VT3P	244	141	137	191
Mycogen 2P886	213	109	148	181
Phoenix 6522A4	231		159	195
Pioneer 2088YHR	286	74	145	216
Southern States 824	220	64	145	183
T.A. Seeds 753-22DP	231	87	126	179
Croplan 6640 VT3	215			
Syngenta 78S-3111	222			
Average	240	113	146	195

\*Irrigated locations; \*\*\*Average of Hanover and Middlesex--Va. State not used due to high variability under irrigation.

# 2012 Virginia Cooperative Extension On-Farm Corn Hybrid Plot Yield Summary (bushels per acre at 15.5%) Southeast Virginia

Early Hybrids (107 Day RM or Less) Hybrid Chesapeake Va. Beach Surry Average Doeblers D587 Great Heart HT110 Augusta 2954 Pioneer P35H46 Channel Bio 199-55 Mycogen 2K-595 Southern States 538 Dekalb DKC52-61 Dyna Gro 45Q50 Hubner 5368 Great Heart HT 972/3111 Seed Consultants 10HQ70 Average 

#### Medium Hybrids (108-112 Day RM)

Hybrid	Chesapeake	Va. Beach	Average
Mycogen 2V702	191	118	155
TA Seeds 617-20	188	85	137
Pioneer P1319	186	128	157
Southern States 755	184	106	145
Dekalb DKC62-97	177	85	131
Channel Bio 211-01	176	123	150
Doeblers D633	174	102	138
Great Heart HT212	173	116	145
Hubner H5405	166	95	131
Augusta A0606	165	130	148
Dyna Gro 52VC20	165		
Average	177	108	144

# 2012 Southampton County Corn Hybrid Plot

Cooperators:	<b>Producer:</b> Chance W. Crowder <b>Extension:</b> Chris Drake, Southampton County <b>Agribusiness:</b> Augusta Seed, Coastal Agrobusiness, Dekalb, Dyna-Gro, Hubner, Pioneer, Syngenta
Soil Type:	State Fine Sandy Loam <b>Plot Size:</b> Four 36" rows of 1115 feet (0.3072 acres)
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Soybeans
Planting Date:	April 11, 2012
Fertilizer:	3/28 – 140# 0-0-60, 4/11- 11 gallons 10-34-0 starter w/ 10oz./ac Advance LCO, 4/16 -20 gallons 30% UAN, 25 gallons 24-0-0-3S sidedress
Crop Protection:	Burndown – 3 pints Gramoxone, 1.5 oz Leadoff, Early Post – 1 pint atrazine, 22 oz. Roundup Powermax, 3 oz. Capreno
Harvest Date:	September 15, 2012

Hybrid	Maturity	Planted	% Moisture	Yield (Bu./Acre
	-	Population		@15.5%)
CheckNK 77P	114	24700	17.8	123.8
Augusta 6867	117	24700	17.7	119.3
Augusta 6166	116	24700	18.9	118.8
Phoenix 6948	114	24700	17.9	120.4
Phoenix 6542	116	24700	17.8	126.9
Check	114	24700	17.7	121.5
Hubner 4600	112	24700	17.8	136.3
Hubner 5709	114	24700	18.1	125.4
Hubner EX844	115	24700	17.6	134.9
Pioneer 0210 AMR	102	24700	15.9	114.7
Pioneer 1498	114	24700	17.5	137.4
Pioneer 2088	120	24700	18.1	137.1
Check	114	24700	17.8	130.7
Dekalb 64-69	114	24700	17.9	136.5
Dekalb 67-57	117	24700	17.7	138.8
Dekalb 68-03	118	24700	18.2	125.9
Dyna-Gro 54VP81	114	24700	16.9	134.9
Dyna-Gro 55VC21	115	24700	17.7	122.8
Dyna-Gro 56VP10	115	24700	18.1	125.8
Check	114	24700	17.8	126.6
PLOT AVERAGE				127.9

**Discussion:** Use this data as an aid when making seed selections for 2013.

### 2012 Corn Hybrid Comparison Plot

<b>Cooperators:</b>	Producer:	Keith Balderson
-	Extension:	Keith Balderson; VCE, Middle Peninsula
		Daniel Bowie, Summer Intern
Soil Type:	Kempsville s	sandy loam
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Double Crop	Soybeans
<b>Planting Date:</b>	April 19, 201	12
Fertilizer:	60-60-60 per	acre at planting
	90-0-0-11 pe	er acre sidedress
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	Burndown H	erbicide: Gramoxone and 2, 4-D
-	Pre-emergen	ce Herbicide: Bicep and Simazine
	Post-emerger	nce Herbicide: Touchdown
Harvest Date:	September 4	, 2012

Hybrid	Rep.	Population	% Moisture**	Yield (Bu./Acre @15.5%)
Pioneer 0210HR	1	24,500		79.1
Pioneer 35F37	1	24,500		79.9
Pioneer 0210HR	2	23,500		84.7
Pioneer 35F37	2	23,500		89.1
Pioneer 0210HR	3	25,000		90.6
Pioneer 35F37	3	24,000		92.3
Ave. Pioneer 0210HR		24,000	17.1	84.8
Ave. Pioneer 35F37		24,000	16.9	87.1
LSD (0.10)		ns		ns

\*\*One composite moisture sample was taken for each hybrid.

#### **Discussion:**

This was a split planter plot evaluating Pioneer 0210HR, an Optimum® AQUAmax<sup>™</sup> hybrid with the Herculex® I Insect Protection gene to its refuge hybrid, Pioneer 35F37. There was little to no European corn borer (ECB) pressure in this field. As evidenced by the yields, this plot experienced significant drought and heat stress. There was no statistical difference in the yields of either hybrid.

### **Early Maturity Corn Comparison**

Cooperators:	<b>Producer:</b>	Robert Bland IV	
	Extension:	David Moore, VCE Middlesex	
Previous Crop:	Soybeans		
Soil Type:	Emporia/Suffe	olk Fine Sandy Loam	
Plant Date:	April 14, 2012 into 30 inch rows		
Hybrids:	Pioneer P0210AM vs Dekalb 52-59		
Crop Protection:	Preplant: Glyphosate, Atrazine, Simazine, 2,4-D		
-	Post: Halex	GT	
Fertilization:	Preplant: 35-6	0-90-15s	
	With Pesticide	es: 40-0-0	
	Sidedress Inje	cted: 75-0-0	
Harvest Date:	September 10,	, 2012	
Harvest Equipment:	AGCO R52		

Hybrid	Rep.	Moisture	Yield @ 15.5%
P0210	1	15.2	89.5
DKC 52-59	1	15.6	74.9
P0210	2	15.5	97.3
DKC 52-59	2	15.4	84.0
P0210	3	15.1	111.6
DKC 52-59	3	15.4	97.8
Ave. P0210		15.3	99.5
Ave. DKC 52-59		15.5	85.6
LSD (0.10)		ns	1.1

#### **Discussion:**

Here are two 102 RM hybrids compared in a field with less than adequate rain and high temperatures this growing season. These two hybrids have been compared in other locations around the middle peninsula this year. Results have varied, but in this particular plot, the P0210 yielded significantly higher than the DKC52-59.

Use this and other Virginia Tech corn hybrid yield information when making plans for 2013.

## 2012 Corn Hybrid Comparison

Cooperators:	Producer: Extension:	David Carlton and William Davis Carlton David Moore, VCE-Middlesex Laura Maxey, VCE-King & Queen/ King William Counties	
	Industry:	Participating Seed Suppliers	
Previous Crop:	Soybeans		
Soil Type:	Emporia Sand	y Loam	
Plant Date:	April 12, 2012		
Plant Equipment:	John Deere 16-Row Air Planter		
Land Preparation:	No-Till		
Fertilization:	0-0-100 Broadcast		
	70-50-0 Pre-en	merge (starter included)	
	90-0-0 injected	d	
Crop Protection:	Pre: Glyphosa	te, Atrazine, Simazine	
-	Post: Resolve	Q and Glyphosate	
Harvest Date:	August 29, 20	12	
Harvest Equipment:	John Deere 97	60STS	

Hybrid	Moisture	Yield @ 15.5%
Pioneer P0210AM	23.3	99.3
Pioneer P0210AM	23.2	103.4
Doebler's RPM638AM	23.5	54.7
Doebler's RPM638AM	25.2	58.9
Pioneer P0210AM	23.5	117.0
Pioneer P0210AM	23.5	133.5
Doebler's RPM638AM	24.5	90.8
Doebler's RPM638AM	25.2	96.1
Average Pioneer P0210AM-R	23.4	113.3
Average Doebler's RPM638AM	24.6	75.1

#### **Discussion:**

The Doebler Hybrid is 113 day maturity and the Pioneer Hybrid is 102 day maturity. This year, early maturing hybrids did better because they caught a better couple of weeks of weather when pollinating than did the mid maturing hybrids. I think this is pretty much the case in most of the lower Middle Peninsula. What a difference a week makes. This could really be seen this year. Also, later planted/full season hybrids caught the weather right at pollination. The weather just wasn't right for timely planted mid maturity hybrids this year in our area.

Use this and other Virginia Tech hybrid information when making planting decisions for 2013.

## Mathews Mid-Season Hybrid Comparison

Cooperators:	Producer: Extension:	Robert Respess, Jr. David Moore, VCE-Middlesex		
	Industry:	Chuck Unser, Coastal Agrobusiness		
Previous Crop:	Soybeans			
Soil Type:	Woodstown	Fine Sandy Loam		
Plant Date:	April 17, 201	2 no till into 30 inch rows		
Check Hybrid:	Pioneer P0912AMX			
Harvest Date:	September 18, 2012			
Hybrid	Moisture (%)	Yield@ 15.5%		
Check (P0912)	15.9	122.8		
Phoenix 6522A4	17.6	127.7		
Check	16.1	137.6		
Phoenix 5552A4	17.4	121.3		
Check	16.4	121.9		
Pioneer P1184	16.8	92.7		

16.3

### **Discussion:**

Check

This is a small comparison plot done in Mathews County. Use this and other Virginia tech on-farm plot information when making planting decisions for 2013.

112.4

<b>Producer:</b> Chuck McGhee, Grainfield Farm		
Extension:	Jim Schroering, VCE, Hanover County	
	Keith Balderson, VCE, Middle Peninsula	
	Wade Thomason, Extension Grains Specialist	
	Daniel Bowie, Summer Intern	
Pioneer 1456F	łR	
Pamunkey fin	e sandy loam	
Soybeans		
April 17, 2012		
Pop-Up: Season Pass (30 inch rows only)		
Broadcast: 90	0-46-200-10 per acre	
Sidedress: 80	-0-0-10 per acre twice	
Burndown: Roundup, 2, 4-D, and Leadoff		
Post-emergene	ce: Halex GT and 1 qt. per acre atrazine	
September 20,	, 2012	
	Producer: Extension: Pioneer 1456F Pamunkey fin Soybeans April 17, 2012 Pop-Up: Seas Broadcast: 90 Sidedress: 80 Burndown: R Post-emergend September 20,	

Treatment	Planted	% Moisture	Yield (Bu./Acre @15.5%)
	Population		
30"	32K	20.2	211.2
twin	32K	20.2	208.0
twin	36K	20.2	207.5
30"	36K	20.2	209.2
30"	40K	20.2	201.8
twin	40K	20.2	198.8
30"			207.4
twin			204.8

### **Discussion:**

This demonstration plot evaluated 30 inch row spacing corn to twin rows at 3 different populations. We only had one replication of each population; however; increasing populations did not increase yields, and there was no difference in yield in the 30 inch rows and twin rows.

Cooperators:	Producer: Extension:	Chuck McGhee, Grainfield Farm Jim Schroering, VCE, Hanover County Keith Balderson, VCE, Middle Peninsula Wade Thomason, Extension Grains Specialist Daniel Bowie, Summer Intern	
Hybrid:	Pioneer 1456	HR	
Soil Type:	Pamunkey fine	e loamy sand	
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Soybeans		
<b>Planting Date:</b>	April 17, 2012		
Fertilizer:	Pop-up: Sease	on Pass	
	Broadcast: 90-46-200-10 per acre		
	Sidedress: 80-0-0-10 per acre twice		
Crop Protection:	Burndown He	rbicides: Roundup, 2, 4-D, and Leadoff	
	Post-emergend	ce: Halex GT and 1 qt. per acre atrazine	
Harvest Date:	September 20,	, 2012	

2012 Ag Expo Irrigated Corn Nematicide Seed Treatment Plot

Treatment	Rep.	Population	% Moisture	Yield (Bu./Acre @15.5%)
Check-PPST 250	1	36,000	18.3	163.3
Avicta+PPST 250	1	34,500	18.0	179.8
Poncho 1250/Votivo	1	37,500	18.3	172.5
Poncho 1250/Votivo	2	35,500	17.7	190.2
Avicta+PPST 250	2	36,000	18.3	184.4
Check	2	37,000	18.5	193.4
Check	3	37,000	18.4	183.1
Avicta+PPST 250	3	36,000	17.3	179.6
Poncho 1250/Votivo	3	37,500	17.6	191.4
Poncho 1250/Votivo	4	35,000	17.8	181.7
Avicta+PPST 250	4	35,000	17.9	176.4
Check-PPST 250	4	34,000	16.8	186.3
PPST-Check Ave.		36,000	18.0	181.5
Avicta+PPST 250 Ave.		35,375	17.9	180.1
Poncho 1250/Votivo		36,375	17.9	184.0
LSD (0.10)		ns	ns	ns

## **Discussion:**

The purpose of this plot was to evaluate nematicide seed treatments in a field with a suspected nematode problem. Soil samples for nematode assay taken about 1 month after planting in all 3 treatments did show some nematodes; however levels were below current economic thresholds. There was no significant difference in yield in any of the treatments.

#### 2012 Turbo Chopper Usage on Corn Plot

<b>Cooperators:</b>	<b>Producer:</b>	Midway Farms
	<b>Extension:</b>	Keith Balderson, VCE Middle Peninsula
		Daniel Bowie, Summer Intern

Treatment	Population
Check	22,000
Turbo Chopper	26,333
Turbo Chopper	25,333
Check	21,000
Turbo Chopper	24,333
Check	19,333
Ave. Check	20,778
Ave. Turbo Chopper	25,333

#### **Discussion:**

Many farmers in the upper coastal plain of Virginia harvested very good small grain and double-crop soybeans in 2011. The result in many cases was significant residue to plant corn into in 2012. While residue is good at preventing soil erosion and ultimately increasing organic matter and overall soil health, excessive amounts can cause planting difficulties. Residue also slows down soil warming in the spring and provides shelter for slugs. Some growers are using vertical tillage tools, such as turbo tills and turbo choppers to manage residue. Prior to planting a turbo chopper was run in this field in strips. Our goal was to see if this implement would have any effects on possible slug infestations and yields. The field did have a slug infestation and the use of this tool increased plant populations by over 4,500 plants per acre. Planting depth was also more uniform in the turbo chopper plots so stand loss was probably a result of slug damage and poorer seed to soil contact in check plots compared to the turbo chopper plots. Excessive heat and drought greatly damaged the plot, and yields were not taken.



### Starter vs. "Pop-Up" Fertilizer

Cooperators:	Producer:	Carlton & Calhoun Farms, Roger Calhoun	
	Extension:	David Moore, VCE Middlesex	
Previous Crop:	Soybeans		
Plant Date:	April 3, 2012		
Planting Equipment:	Kinze 3650 12 row planter		
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	Burndown:	Gramoxone-1.Qt. $+ 2,4-D - 1$ pt.	
		1 Qt Cinch + 1.25 oz. Karate	
	Post:	3.6 pints Halex GT	
Fertilization:	Starter: 20 ga	llons 15-15-0 with micros	
	Pop-Up: 3 gallons 9-18-9-1s with Advance (LCD)		
	0-0-90 Broadcast		
	105-0-0 injected at sidedress		
Corn Hybrid:	Dekalb DKC52-59		
Harvest Date:	August 24, 2012		
Harvest Equipment:	John Deere 9610		

Treatment	Population	<b>M%</b>	Yield @ 15.5%
Starter + "Pop-Up"	29,000	16.2	144.0
Pop-Up	29,000	17.7	139.8
Starter	29,000	17.4	138.1
Starter + "Pop-Up"	28,500	15.4	145.2
Pop-Up	28,500	17.9	147.7
Starter	28,500	17.3	143.9
Average Starter + "Pop Up"			144.6 ns
Average Pop Up			143.8 ns
Average Starter			141.0 ns

#### **Discussion:**

There is lots of interest in "pop-up" fertilizer and using it in place of traditional starter. In this particular test, it seems as though there is no difference in the use of either. Early season evaluation showed the pop-up strips to definitely not look as well as the other strips. Soil samples taken from the areas showed no differences in soil fertility. Producers should realize that the use of "pop-ups" alone is not returning any nutrients to the soil for future use, nor is it building any nutrient reserves.

\*It should be noted that the "pop-up" fertilizer had the insecticide in it and the starter alone, did not.

### 2012 Corn "Pop Up" Fertilizer Plot

<b>Cooperators:</b>	Producer: Anonymous		
	<b>Extension:</b> Laura Maxey, VCE, King and Queen and King William Counties		
	David Moore, VCE, Middle Peninsula		
Hybrid:	Hubner H6644SS		
Soil Type:	Emporia		
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Soybeans		
Planting Date:	April 24, 2012		
Fertilizer:	29-46-100-12(S) Broadcast, 126-0-0 Sidedress		
	Treatment 1: Conklin 3-18-18 @ 5 gals. per acre -seed furrow application		
	Conklin 0-0-25-17 @ 1 gal. per acre - seed furrow application		
	Conklin Manganese @ 2.3 pts. per acre -seed furrow application		
	Conklin Zinc @ 1.5 pts. per acre -seed furrow application		
	Treatment 2: Bio Green 11-0-1 @ 5 gals. per acre -seed furrow application		
	Conklin Manganese @ 2.3 pts. per acre -seed furrow application		
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	Roundup Powermax - 1 @ qt. per acre and 2,4 D @ 1. pt. per acre		
•	Atrazine @ 1.25 qts. per acre and Simazine @ 1.25 qts. per acre		
Harvest Date:	10-25-12		

Treatment	Rep.	% Moisture	Yield (Bu./Acre @15.5%)
Trt. 1	1	14.4	166.6
Trt. 2	1	14.8	179.3
Trt. 1	2	14.6	172.2
Trt. 2	2	14.8	178.5
Trt. 1	3	14.6	174.4
Trt. 2	3	14.5	176.9
Ave. Trt. 1		14.5 ns	171.1 ns
Ave. Trt. 2		14.7 ns	178.2 ns

**Discussion:** There is a lot of interest in "pop up" fertilizers applied directly in the seed furrow. These fertilizers supply minimal nutrients and are most likely to provide a benefit when planting into cool, wet soils. They should not be used as the sole source for phosphorous and/or potassium unless soil tests are high or very high. In this test a combination of products were used in furrow in each treatment. Treatment number 2 yielded higher in each replication, but the difference was not statistically significant.

### 2012 Sidedress Nitrogen Injection Test Plot

Cooperators:	Producer: Extension: Other:	James and Calvin Haile Keith Balderson, VCE, Middle Peninsula Three Rivers SWCD and National Fish and Wildlife Federation		
Fertilizer:	Broadcast: 78-46-90-12S + 1 lb. boron per acre Pop Up: 1 gallon 28-0-0-5S, 1 gallon 11-37-0 + 1 pt. 9% zinc/acre			
	Sidedress: See below			
Insecticide:	4 oz. per acr	e Capture LFR		

Treatment	Rep.	Yield (bu./acre)	NUE (lb. N/ bushel)
100 lbs. N per acre dribbled	1	59.3	3.07
100 lbs. N per acre injected	1	65.3	2.79
85 lbs. N per acre injected	1	71.1	2.34
100 lbs. N per acre dribbled	2	83.4	2.18
100 lbs. N per acre injected	2	100.1	1.82
85 lbs. N per acre injected	2	110.0	1.52
100 lbs. N per acre dribbled	3	105.8	1.72
100 lbs. N per acre injected	3	101.0	1.80
85 lbs. N per acre injected	3	98.1	1.70
Average—100 lbs. N per acre dribbled		82.8	2.32
Average—100 lbs. N per acre injected		88.8	2.14
Average—85 lbs. N per acre injected		93.1	1.85
LSD (0.10)		ns	0.26

\*\* NUE is Nitrogen Use Efficiency and was calculated as the total amount of nitrogen applied divided by corn yield in bushels. 1 lb. of N per bu is considered very efficient. Lower values indicate greater efficiency.

### **Discussion:**

Nitrogen injection at corn sidedressing time helps to avoid both ammonia volatilization and immobilization by microbes and can significantly increase nitrogen use efficiency by corn plants. Hot and dry weather greatly affected yields. Yields in the middle of the plot were better than on either side, most likely a result of soil type differences. There was no statistical difference in the yields of any of the treatments; however, the nitrogen use efficiency (NUE) of the lower injected nitrogen rate was statistically better than the other 2 treatments. Plans are now underway to do more nitrogen injection work in cooperation with 3 Rivers Soil and Water Conservation District and Northern Neck Soil and Water Conservation District. Both districts will have nitrogen injector rigs for farmers to use in 2013.

### 2012 Variable Rate Nitrogen Corn Test Plot

<b>Cooperators:</b>	<b>Producer:</b>	Cloverfield Enterprises			
-	Extension:	Keith Balderson, VCE, Middle Peninsula			
		Daniel Bowie, VCE Summer Intern			
	<b>Others:</b>	Colonial and 3 Rivers SWCD's and Va. NRCS CIG Program			
Hybrid:	Hubner 4222RC2P				
<b>Previous Crop:</b>	Soybeans				
<b>Planting Date:</b>	April 3, 2012				
Soil Type:	See below				
Fertilizer:	Starter: 20 gallons per acre 24-0-0-3 per acre plus 1 pt. per acre boron and 1 qt.				
	per acre zinc				
	Pop Up: 2.5 gallons per acre 11-37-0				
	Broadcast: 0-0-114 per acre				
	Sidedress: Fixed Rate: 90 lbs. N per acre;				
	Variable rate based on soil type (see below)				
<b>Crop Protection:</b>	Burndown: PowerMax				
-	Pre-emergence: 2.5 qts. per acre Lumax, 1 pt. per acre atrazine, 1 qt. per acre				
	Princep				
	Insecticide: 4.5 oz per acre Capture LFR in furrow in pop up				
Harvest Date:	August 15, 20	12			

Treatment	Rep.	N Sidedress	%	Yield (Bu./Acre	NUE, lb N/bu **
		Rate (lbs./acre)	Moisture	@15.5%)	
Fixed Rate	1	90	16.3	78	1.83
Variable Rate	1	86	16.4	77	1.81
Fixed Rate	2	91	16.2	82	1.76
Variable Rate	2	87	16.0	79	1.77
Fixed Rate	3	90	16.2	74	1.93
Variable Rate	3	86	16.2	78	1.78
Fixed Rate	4	91	16.4	78	1.85
Ave. Fixed-4 reps.		90.5	16.25	78	1.84
Ave. Variable-3 reps.		86.3	16.2	78	1.79
LSD (0.05)		2.1	ns	ns	ns

\*\* NUE is Nitrogen Use Efficiency and was calculated as the total amount of nitrogen applied divided by corn yield in bushels. 1lb of N per bu is considered very efficient. Lower values indicate greater efficiency.

**Discussion:** This work is being done as part of Va. NRCS CIG Project. Excessive heat and dry weather greatly reduced yields, which affected our ability to evaluate zone-based variable rate nitrogen on corn. Nitrogen rate was statistically different, but no differences in corn grain yield or NUE were noted. More work is planned for 2013.

Soil Type	Soil Survey Corn Yield Rating (bushels/acre)	% of Plot Area	Variable Sidedress N Rate (lbs./acre)
Emporia sandy loam (9	9B) 120	8.0%	90
Kempsville sandy loan	n (10B) 120	49.9%	90
Suffollk sandy loam	110	34.7%	80
Rumford/Tetotum	no rating	7.4%	50

# Approximate Plot Area From Soil Survey





24-0-0-3 Sidedress Rate Map

Yield (Bu./A @ 15.5% 0-26 bushels per acre 26-53 bushels per acre 53-80 bushels per acre 80-106 bushels per acre 106-134 bushels per acre 134+ bushels per acre

Yield Map

	2012 Variable Rate Nitrogen on Irrigated Corn Test Plot				
<b>Cooperators:</b>	Producer: Cloverfield Enterprises				
	Extension: Keith Balderson, VCE, Middle Peninsula				
	Daniel Bowie, VCE Summer Intern				
	<b>SWCD:</b> Colonial & 3 Rivers SWCD's and Va. NRCS CIG Program				
Hybrid:	Hubner 5322VT3				
Previous Crop:	Soybeans				
Planting Date:	March 31, 2012				
Soil Type:	See discussion				
Fertilizer:	Starter: 20 gallons per acre 24-0-0-3, 1 qt. zinc, and 1 pint boron per acre				
	Pop Up: 2.5 gallons per acre 11-37-0				
	Broadcast: 211 lbs. per acre 11-52-0 and 203 lbs. per acre 0-0-60				
	Sidedress: Fixed rate of 150 lbs. nitrogen per acre; applied on 5/10/12				
	Variable rate by soil type (see below) applied on $5/10/12$ or based on				
	Greenseeker; applied on 5/29/12				
Crop Protection:	Burndown: Power Max				
	Pre-emergence: 1.5 qts. per acre Lumax, 1 pt. per acre atrazine, and 1 qt. per				
	acre Princep; Post-emergence: 3.6 pts. per acre Halex GT				
	Insecticide: 4.0 oz. per acre Capture LFR in furrow				
	Fungicide: 10.5 oz. per acre Quilt Excel				
Harvest Date:	August 24, 2012				

Treatment	Rep.	N Sidedress	% Moisture	Yield (Bu./Acre	NUE, lb N/bu **
		Rate (lbs./acre)		@15.5%)	
Fixed Rate	1	151	22.7	235	.95
Variable Rate	1	174	22.9	232	1.06
Greenseeker	1	117*	22.4	217	.88
Greenseeker	2	117*	22.4	211	.91
Variable Rate	2	171	22.8	216	1.13
Fixed Rate	2	152	23.0	199	1.13
Variable	3	170	23.8	202	1.20
Fixed Rate	3	149	23.2	218	1.02
Greenseeker	3	118*	23.7	226	.85
Greenseeker	4	118*	23.6	241	.80
Fixed Rate	4	151	24.2	237	.95
Variable Rate	4	168	24.2	239	1.01
Ave. Fixed Rate		150.75	23.3	222.25	1.01
Ave. Variable Rate		170.75	23.4	222.25	1.10
Ave. Greenseeker		117.5	23.0	223.75	.86
LSD (0.10)		3.0	ns	ns	0.09

\*Greenseeker replications 1 and 2 where installed in the same pass of the sprayer; Greenseeker replications 3 and 4 were installed in the same pass of the sprayer.

\*\* NUE is Nitrogen Use Efficiency and was calculated as the total amount of nitrogen applied divided by corn yield in bushels. 11b of N per bu is considered very efficient. Lower values indicate greater efficiency.

**Discussion:** This work is being done as part of a Va. NRCS CIG project. This plot evaluated a fixed sidedressing nitrogen rate on corn to variable rates based on soil type (zone) and Greenseeker (sensor). All treatments received approximately 75 lbs. of nitrogen prior to sidedressing. Both the fixed rate and zone based variable rates were injected. Greenseeker rates were dribbled. There was no statistical difference in yields of any of the treatments; however there were differences in the amount of sidedress nitrogen applied and the nitrogen use efficiency. A random tissue sample was taken from all three treatments at ear leaf stage. The levels in all 3 treatments were very consistent and in the sufficient to high range. The results were as follows:

Treatment	%N
Greenseeker	3.61%
Variable (zone-based)	3.59%
Standard	3.57%

Results of this plot certainly show the Greenseeker technology as very promising for increasing nitrogen use efficiency in corn production. More work will be conducted next year.

Soil Type	Producer Irrigated Yield Goal (bushels/acre)	% of Plot Area	Variable Sidedress N Rate (lbs./acre)
Bolling silt loam (5A)	220	46.4%	170
Molena loamy sand (1	2A) 200	26.0%	150
Pamunkey loam (15A	) 240	27.6%	190

# Approximate Plot Area From Soil Survey





24-0-0-3 Sidedress Rate Map Excluding Greenseeker Strips

#### 24-0-0-3 Rate (gal. per acre) .6-41 gallons per acre 41-50 gallons per acre 50-60 gallons per acre 60-69 gallons per acre

69-81 gallons per acre 81+ gallons per acre



Yield Map